

Lemonnier

Valla

Dutrait

CRITICAL SANCTUARY



INTRODUCTION



*Critical is an immersive and exhilarating roleplaying game. If you don't yet know what a roleplaying game entails, or would like to know more, read through the booklet *What is a Roleplaying Game?* first.*

As you'll soon discover, it's simple enough.

◆ TERMS USED IN ROLEPLAYING GAMES

Player Character: This is the name given to players who embody the story characters. This term will be used throughout the rulebook and episodes, abbreviated to **PC**.

Non-Player Character: These are the secondary characters in the story. They are enacted by the Gamemaster, and could be either allies or enemies – sometimes both (abbreviation: **NPC**).

Gamemaster: Their role is to guide the PCs through the story and play the role of the different NPCs that the PCs will encounter (abbreviation: **GM**).

D6, D8, D12: The 6-sided, 8-sided and 12-sided dice that you use throughout the game to make checks.

What do you do?: This is a classic roleplaying game question. It hands the reins to the PCs after the GM has finished describing the scene.

Leveling Up: This process – that happens almost by magic – means that your character evolves during the adventure as they become more experienced.

GAME CONTENTS

◆ FOR THE GAMEMASTER



1 Gamemaster's (GM) screen



What is a Roleplaying Game? booklet



1 Synopsis booklet for Season 1



9 Episodes of approx. 30 minutes each



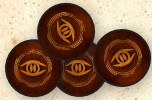
2 Clue tokens



12 Status cards



12 Wound cards



4 Curse tokens



10 Non-Player Character (NPC) cards



32 Episode cards



1 Map



36 Narrative tokens



2 x 6-sided dice (D6)

◆ FOR THE PLAYER CHARACTERS



4 Character (PC) cards



4 Name cards



4 x 12-sided dice (D12)



1 x 8-sided die (D8)



4 Sleeves



12 Ability cards



8 Background cards



4 Starting Equipment cards



8 Common Equipment cards



12 Legendary Equipment cards

2



1 Dry-erase marker



4 Hero tokens



4 Element tokens
(Only for Sorcerer:
Elemental Magic)



4 Attribute tokens
(Only for Thief:
Jack-of-all-Trades)

PART 1: THE PLAYER CHARACTERS

This section covers the rules that apply to the Player Characters. It is aimed at the PCs, but is also useful for the GM.

1 When playing your first game of *Critical – Sanctuary*, pay attention to the passages marked with this symbol.

CREATING YOUR CHARACTER

When you play a roleplaying game, you always begin by creating your character. You will play this character in the game, and they will come alive in the story narrated by the Gamemaster.

There are 4 steps involved in creating your character:

- ◆ Choose a Character
- ◆ Choose a Name
- ◆ Choose a Background
- ◆ Collect your Starting Equipment

Important

If you play through Season 1, your characters will be created as you progress through the episodes.

Choose a Character

1 Start by choosing the character you wish to play and take their corresponding Character card. The box contains 4 Character cards, with a character printed on both sides, to give you more choice. Each character has an Occupation, which determines their Main Attribute, their Backgrounds, and their Starting Equipment.

Attributes



1 These 4 Attributes summarize the physical and intellectual capacities of your character.

The Dexterity and Physical Attributes represent the character's bodily capabilities, and the Mental and Social Attributes represent their intellectual capabilities.

On each Character card, one of the Attributes is highlighted in red – this is the character's Main Attribute.

It indicates the character's area of specialization, and the PC will add a Success Bonus of +1 to their dice roll for checks related to this Attribute (see page 5).

Extra information

The rest of the information on the card will help you bring the character to life by offering advice, ideas, and suggestions.

You can use them as inspiration, or, if you prefer, you can develop a personality of your own.



Choose a Name

1 Now come up with a name for your character. Choose wisely, because the other PCs and the GM will address you by this name throughout the game.

Take one of the Name cards and write your character's name on it.

You might take your inspiration from a book or film that you like, adopt a nickname, or come up with one of your own.



Choose a Background

Each Background is linked to an Occupation and reflects your character's backstory.

Choose one of the Background cards that is associated with your Occupation and place it in the designated area by your Character card.

The Background cards that relate to your Occupation will feature the corresponding Occupation symbol.



Your character's Background gives you a better understanding of your character's Occupation and gives you 3 Skills.

You will use these Skills during checks, as explained on page 5.



Great work!

You have now finished creating your Character and they are ready for adventure!

Skills

Your Skills reflect what your character knows, undertakes on a regular basis, or is capable of doing. There are 12 Skills in the game, and each relates to one of the 4 Attributes.

Special actions may sometimes override these categories.



Physical

- Athletics
- Combat
- Stealth



Mental

- Knowledge
- Investigation
- Perception



Dexterity

- Know-how
- Driving
- Survival



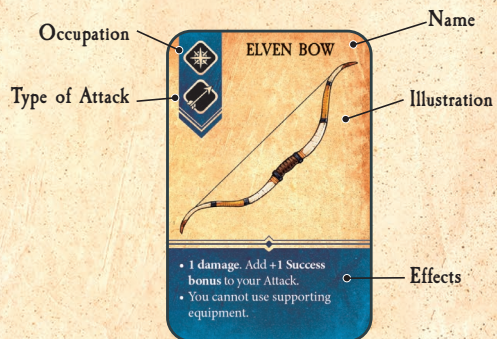
Social

- Manipulation
- Negotiation
- Empathy

Gather your Starting Equipment

1 Finally, gather the Starting Equipment specified by your Occupation. You will find the symbol for your Occupation.

Reminder: If you are playing Season 1, you will receive your starting equipment during Episode 0.



MAKING A CHECK

During the game, the Gamemaster might ask you to make a check to find out whether the action you wish to undertake will succeed or fail.


Even if you are a climbing pro in real life, your character might not be, so the GM will ask you to make a check to see whether your character succeeds in climbing a mountain.



The GM is the only one who can decide if your character needs to make a check.

Each check has a difficulty level, which represents the Success value you must achieve to accomplish your action. The difficulty of an action is set by either the episode or the GM, but never by the PCs.

Checks are presented as follows:

Type / Skill / Attribute / Difficulty

Example: Ask for an **individual Athletics check** (Physical  2).

 To make a check, you roll the D12  and add any bonuses you might have (see below).

Next, compare your result against the difficulty set by the GM.

If your die roll is **more than or equal** to the required difficulty, you succeed.

If your die roll is **less than** the required difficulty level, you fail.

Difficulty Levels

Each check has a Difficulty Level, which specifies the die roll you need to achieve for your action to succeed.

This is the chart that the GM will use to determine the difficulty level of all checks:

1	Easy
2	Medium
3	Hard
4	Very Hard
5	Heroic
6+	Legendary

Types of Checks

There are two types of Checks: **Individual Checks** and **Group Checks**.

Individual Checks


 With an Individual Check, each affected PC makes a check and then their individual results are applied to their respective characters.


Example: Lexi and Briar are trying to sneak into a fortified camp, while Azalea keeps watch over the area.

The GM asks Lexi and Briar for an **individual Stealth check** (Physical  3), and Azalea for an **individual Perception check** (Mental  2).


Each PC needs to make a check to find out whether they individually succeed or not.

Group checks

 All PCs make group checks. If at least one of them succeeds, the check is a success for the group as a whole.


Example: The group has managed to enter the camp. Lexi, Briar and Azalea are looking for the invasion plans in the general's tent. The GM asks them to make a **group Investigation check** (Mental  2). If one player succeeds, the group finds the plans.

Adding Bonuses

Once you have rolled your D12 , you can apply bonuses to help your action succeed.

All bonuses are cumulative.

Main Attribute

 If the check relates to your character's Main Attribute, add a +1 Success Bonus (+1 to the value rolled).


Example: Because Briar has a **Warrior occupation**, she applies an additional +1 Success bonus to all her checks based on the Physical Attribute and Skills.

Skills

If your **Background features the Skill** required in a test, you add an **additional +1 Success Bonus**.

Example: Since Briar chose the **Gladiator background**, she applies a +1 Success Bonus in all her **Athletics, Combat and Survival checks**, as indicated on the card. The **Athletics and Combat Skills** are associated with the **Physical Attribute**, so she adds an additional +2 Success Bonus to these checks.

Equipment

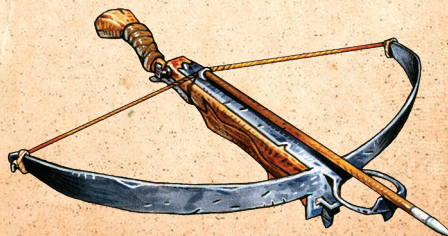
 In addition, your equipment adds extra bonuses to your die result.



Example: The Adventurer's Cloak adds +1 Success Bonus to your **Stealth** (Physical ) and **Survival** (Dexterity ) checks.

Abilities

Your abilities also give you bonuses, which can be added to your dice roll or your result. Abilities are explained in more detail on page 7.



Critical Success and Critical Failure

There are two particular outcomes that may occur during a check: You may get a **Critical Success** or, if you are unlucky, a **Critical Failure**.

Critical Success

1 If you roll at least double the required difficulty level, you get a **Critical Success**.

Your action is a spectacular success and so you **double any advantages**.

Critical Failure

1 If you roll a **X** result on the D12, you suffer a **Critical Failure** and **cannot use your bonuses**. Your action has failed catastrophically.

If the failure entails a loss, that loss is doubled.

However, as compensation, you receive **1 Hero token**.

◆ Critical Failure in group checks

If at least one player has rolled a **X** on their D12 when all PCs fail a group check, that check is then a **Critical Failure** and the group receives one Hero token. Otherwise, the **X** result is ignored and the group does not receive a Hero token.

Hero Tokens

Hero tokens are **shared by all PCs**.

When one of you receives a Hero token (usually following a **Critical Failure**), you win it for the group.

Hero tokens are **limited to 4 for the entire group**.

If the GM asks you to make a check, you may discard a Hero token to add the **D8** to your roll.

Roll both the **D12** and the **D8**, and **add the results together**.

Example: Joaquina, a Spy, wants to manipulate a powerful baron, so she can influence his decision and save Briar and Lexi, who were captured while stealing the baron's plans.

*The GM asks Joaquina for an **individual Manipulation check (Social) 5**.*

She decides to use a Hero token.

*Joaquina rolls both the **D12** and **D8** gets a total **Success value of 4 (1+3)**. She adds **+2 additional Success bonuses** because **Social** is her Main Attribute, and her background skills include **Manipulation**.*

*Joaquina therefore has an impressive **Success value of 6!***

She manages to influence the baron and save her friends from a grim sentence.

◆ YOUR CHARACTER'S HEALTH

Your character has 3 Health points: No more, no less.

This means they can receive up to **3 Wound and/or Status cards** before being Exhausted.

Wound Cards

1 Wound cards represent the physical damage suffered by your character.

When you receive damage, place that number of Wound cards on your Character card.

Note

The description on Wound card doesn't affect your character: Its purpose is simply to immerse you in the narrative of the game.

The Status Cards

Status cards represent effects that incapacitate your character. They use up a health point, and so are placed in the same space as your Wound cards.

Status cards not only count as a wound, but have an additional special effect, which is described on the card itself. The consequences of this effect will become apparent as you progress through the episodes in Season 1.

Important

Status cards are not healed in the same way as wounds. The text on the Status card explains how your character can remove it.

Being Exhausted

If your character receives a **4th Wound** and/or Status card, they become **Exhausted**.

This means that you must sit out the rest of the current scene. Discard all your Wound and/or Status cards and replace them with an **Exhausted Status card**.

You will still be able to play in the next scene and the rest of the story, but will suffer a handicap.

Example: After being attacked by a skeleton warrior, Briar is badly wounded, and suffers 1 damage. The GM hands her 1 Wound card, which brings her total wound count to 4.

Briar is now Exhausted. She discards all her Wound cards, and receives an Exhausted Status card from the GM.

She will have to sit out the rest of this scene, but will return in the next one.

Briar will continue to be Exhausted throughout the next episode. The effects of this are explained on the Exhausted Status card.

Healing

Each episode will indicate when and how your wounds can be healed, if at all.

Example: Each episode will indicate if a Wound card is healed. If so, each PC discards a Wound card from their Character card.

You may also use your equipment to heal, if applicable.

EQUIPMENT

Your equipment comprises the weapons, armor and other items that your character can use to increase their chances of success when performing actions. There are 3 types of equipment:

- ◆ Starting Equipment
- ◆ Common Equipment
- ◆ Legendary Equipment

Getting Equipment

Your PC receives their **Starting Equipment** when you create your Character (see page 4).

You'll receive the other types of equipment as you progress through the episodes.

When you receive **Common Equipment**, take a card from the corresponding deck at random.

When you receive **Legendary Equipment**, take a card from your **Occupation** deck at random.

Using your Equipment

Some cards have a limited amount of uses. We recommend using the Narrative tokens to keep track of the number of times the equipment has been used. If you have spent the number of uses for a piece of equipment, you will need to recharge it before you can use it again.

As with healing, the episodes indicate when you can recharge your equipment. The equipment always recharges fully.

Rerolls

Some pieces of equipment allow you to reroll a check. You may reroll some or all of your dice, including a **X** result.

You can only reroll tests once.

Weapons

You can only use one weapon at any given time.

Place the weapon you are using to the left of your Character card. Any other weapons are placed to the right of your Character card.

The weapon will state whether you can use it for melee combat (M), from a distance (D), or for both (M/D).

At the start or at the end of your turn, you may swap your weapon without spending an action.

If you don't have a weapon, you can use your body or an object from your surroundings to attack.

The difficulty level of the check will increase by 1 and you will only inflict 1 damage, **even with a critical success**.

Swapping your Equipment

You can swap your **Starting** or **Common Equipment** with the other PCs.

You can only swap your **Legendary Equipment** with a PC who has the same **Occupation** as you.

LEVELING UP

Over the course of the adventure, your character will evolve and level up.

When your character levels up, you can either:

- ◆ Choose another Level 1 ability.
- ◆ Make a Level 1 ability a Level 2 ability.

The GM will tell you when your character levels up.

Some abilities have a limited number of uses, but, unlike Equipment (and Healing), they recharge automatically at the start of each episode.



Warrior abilities

Essentially based on the art of combat, Warrior abilities make you a formidable killing machine, capable of withstanding the very worst injuries.

Sorcerer abilities

When you learn a new spell, a magical tattoo appears on your skin. Whether you're attacking with a Blizzard or casting Recover Energy in defense, you'll be able to choose your role within the group.

Thief abilities

You prefer to skulk in the shadows and surprise your target, and help (or use?) your companions so you can keep your hands free – and get hold of some treasure.

Ranger abilities

Precision and survival are your strong suit, and at a distance, you rarely miss your target. Unlike the Warrior, you rely upon a Critical Hit to kill your enemies.

SAVING YOUR CHARACTER

After your game session, put your Character card and all the other cards you have received inside the dedicated sleeve for your character's Occupation.

This saves your character's progress for the next game.

PART 2: THE GAMEMASTER

THIS SECTION SHOULD ONLY BE READ BY THE GAMEMASTER (GM).

INTRODUCTION TO CRITICAL SEASON 1 - SANCTUARY

Before you start reading through the episodes, we suggest you first read the Synopsis booklet for Season 1 of *Critical - Sanctuary*. This provides an introduction to the world and the Explorer's Guild, which you can read to your PCs in Episodes 0 and 1.

You will also find an overview of the Owl Goddess, the Council and the Taask – the entities that the PCs will come across during their adventure – and a complete synopsis of Season 1, so you can understand the entire story arc.

PLAYING AN EPISODE

Once you have read the synopsis booklet, you can start to go into detail by reading the episodes.

Each episode includes all the information you need to direct a game for your PCs. The episodes are designed to gradually teach you how to play the role of GM and will demonstrate to the PCs everything that a roleplaying game has to offer.

While the episodes are intentionally simple to start with, the narrative is increasingly flexible, offering more room for improvisation as you progress through the adventure.

Remember that the point of playing is to have fun with your friends. If you forget to include an important aspect of the story, just go back to it, and if you don't know how to handle a situation, discuss it with the players. In a roleplaying game, goodwill is important: There are no losers or winners, just players who gather together to play out an adventure and tell a great story.

Reading an episode

1. Setup and Episode Synopsis

This includes all the components you need to play an episode, and a brief overview that summarizes the main events in the episode.

2. Icons

Icons in the margins will draw your attention to key moments in the episodes and any required checks.



Narrative



Action



GM check



Investigation



Roleplay



PC check

3. Text Bars

Text bars indicate when game components should be used during an episode. Some of the components will be given to the PCs, others will simply be shown to them.

Text bar keywords:

- ◆ **Healing:** Indicates how many Wound and/or Status cards a PC may remove from their card.
- ◆ **Recharge:** Indicates whether the PCs may recharge their equipment or not.
- ◆ **Give:** PCs keep these components, saving them at the end of each game session.

1



2

3

4

- ◆ **Show/Place:** Show these components to the players and allow them to study them. You can also place them in front of your screen or slot them into the central walls of your screen to show them to your players.

4. Checks

Ask the players to make a check and then read out the relevant text bar.

✔ Successful check

✘ Failed check

For more details on checks, see page 5.

Setting up an Episode

When setting up the game, we recommend that you gather together the necessary components beforehand and read through the episode at least once before you begin.


To get the best out of your game session, we suggest that you read through the episode once on the day before the game, and then again before you start to play.

The more familiar you are with the episode, the more comfortable you will feel directing it, and you will also feel better equipped to manage moments of improvisation.

ADJUSTING THE DIFFICULTY TO THE PLAYER COUNT

At the start of the game, in **Episode 1**, give the players the number of Hero tokens  indicated by the following chart:

1-2 	3 	4 
3 	2 	1 

In Season 1, if the PCs are really struggling, you can give them 1 Hero token  to help them progress. However, make sure you don't overuse this option, as some of the episodes deliberately put the PCs in danger to increase the dramatic effect of a scene.


THE 4 KEY ELEMENTS OF AN EPISODE

Episodes are structured around 4 key elements that allow you to understand the purpose of a scene.

Those 4 key elements are:


- ◆ **Narrative**
- ◆ **Investigation**
- ◆ **Roleplay**
- ◆ **Action**

Narrative

 These sections should be read aloud. They build the atmosphere and establish the setting for the upcoming scene.

You can use them as inspiration to help you flesh out your description, add more detail and build the atmosphere.

Roleplay


 During the roleplay phase, you will play the part of one (or more) NPCs. These scenes are meant to encourage a verbal exchange with the PCs, usually to allow you to give them some information. The PCs will need to ask the right questions and lead the conversation in the required direction.

Investigation

During investigation scenes, the PCs will need to find particular pieces of information and come up with suggestions.

Make sure you describe the situation accurately and, if necessary, offer a little guidance to help them achieve their task.


Action

 The action scenes are the trickiest to play out, as you will need to divide up the time between the PCs to ensure they each get the opportunity to speak up and perform an action.

Go around the table. Ask the first PC which action they wish to perform, describe it, and then ask them to make a check, if one is required. Continue around to the next PC, and then to the next, and so on.

The most common type of action scene is combat, but scenes may also revolve around covertly infiltrating a camp, fleeing a crumbling temple, etc.

THE GAMEMASTER'S TOOLKIT

 For your first game, allow yourselves to be guided by Episode 0. It will tell you which components to use, show, or give to the PCs as you go along. If you are unsure or would like more detail, you can read this section.

As Gamemaster, you have several tools which can help you tell the story.

Episode Cards

When you are playing through a scene, show the PCs the corresponding Episode card. The illustrations on these cards can help them imagine their surroundings in that scene.


Each episode will tell you which cards you should show the PCs and when to bring them into play.

Narrative Tokens

The Narrative tokens represent various aspects of the story, from the passage of time, to the escape of a fugitive, to counting your NPCs' health points.

You will also need them to mark the number of uses for some Equipment cards.

The Gamemaster's Dice

In the majority of cases, you will use your **D6**  during combat to determine whether your NPCs injure the PCs. Your dice rolls are always private.

Curse tokens

The Curse tokens are the opposite of Hero tokens. When a PC is cursed, **they can no longer use Hero tokens. A PC can never have more than one Curse token in front of them.**

To remove a Curse token, a PC must **suffer a Critical Failure without gaining a Hero token** for the group.

Then they discard the Curse token.

Clue tokens

These tokens are handled by the PCs, and if the PCs use them at the right time, can allow the PCs to unblock situations or gather new information. The episodes will explain how they should be used.

NPC Cards

1 These cards represent the different characters that the PCs will meet during their adventures. They may be allies or enemies.

1 Weakness

The NPC's weakness will make it easier for the PCs to defeat them. Players will need to perform the action Find a Weakness to discover the NPC's weakness (see page 11).




2 Special Ability

Some NPCs have a special ability which activates when they attack. The **Combat Table** on their card shows you which D6 result activates that NPC's special ability.

3 Difficulty, Attack and Health

From left to right, these 3 values show the Difficulty of a check against this NPC, the amount of attacks the NPC can make on a PC, and the amount of damage they can withstand before being knocked out.

The Health value of some NPCs depends on the player count. This is indicated by the  icon.

Example: The invocation has a Health value of 5  . There are 3 PCs in your group, so the invocation has an impressive total of $3 \times 5 = 15$ .

4 Combat Table

During combat, refer to the table at the bottom of the card to see if the NPC's attacks succeed and whether they activate their special ability. The table features the icons on your D6 to help you ascertain the result.

A  result either on your D6 or as specified in the table, indicates a failure.

CAPTAIN

"I've crossed the Seven Seas twice over, and I know every reef of this damned archipelago, from here to Port Ebony. I'm on first name terms with the envoys of the gods, and know how to read the wind. And now you're really boiling my bones with your stories about a treasure map, pusbag!"

Weakness: The call of gold

Resisting the call of gold is hard... The PCs can enter into negotiations with the captain to avoid a confrontation.

If the PCs hold a valuable piece of equipment, they must pass a **Negotiation** check (Social ) 3 and then discard that equipment.

If the PCs do not hold a valuable piece of equipment, they must pass a **Manipulation** (Social ) 5.

Prepare to board!

Nothing beats a good boarding to slice your adversaries in half and seize their treasures. For the next turn, all NPCs (including the captain) **increase their damage value by 1.**

Difficulty
4

Attack
1

Health
4 


1 damage


Prepare to board!


2 damage

1

2

3

4

The Gamemaster's Screen

The Gamemaster's screen is essential: It allows you to hide information and components from players, which helps you retain the element of surprise during the game.

Use one of the two central slots for the Episode cards and the other one for the NPC cards.

The screen also provides useful game prompts that will answer your questions as you play the game, to avoid you having to refer to this rulebook.

COMBAT

1 You have reached the end of the rules for *Critical – Sanctuary*. There's still a little more to learn: Combat scenes are action scenes that you'll need to concentrate on if you are a novice GM. There is an overview of the rules on your screen to help you in your first few games.

Read this section in its entirety.

Combat scenes are special action scenes that put the lives of the PCs in danger. Combat takes place between the two opposing sides: The PCs and the NPCs.

Like with any other action scene, you need to divide up the time into turns within a round, so that each of the PCs and NPCs get their fair share of the action (see *Action* on page 9).

Combat scenes have the following special game rules:

- ◆ **Difficulty level for Combat checks**
- ◆ **Critical success and critical failure in combat**
- ◆ **Initiative**
- ◆ **Combat round and actions**

Difficulty level for Combat checks

During combat, the **difficulty level of all checks made by the PCs is equal to the difficulty level of the NPC they are confronting.**

You can find the difficulty level for your NPCs in the banner on the right hand side of the card.

If the PCs are faced with different NPCs, adapt the combat to encompass the different NPCs. When in doubt, use the highest difficulty level.

Difficulty
4

Attack
1

Health
4 

Critical success and failure during combat

Critical Success

If a PC gets a **Critical Success** during combat, they receive a bonus as described in the **Critical!** section for that action.

Critical Failure

If a PC gets a **Critical Failure** during combat, the GM can reroll one or more of their D6 during their next attack against this PC.

Initiative

This step determines which side will play first.

Ask for a **group Perception check** (Mental 🧠). If they succeed, then they get to play first.

If not, you will play first.

Note

If PCs are facing different NPCs, use the **highest NPC difficulty level** as the difficulty level for the **Perception check** (Mental 🧠).

Combat round and actions

In a Combat round, both sides have the opportunity to react and perform actions.

Once one side has finished taking their turns, the other side will take theirs. Continue swapping between the sides until one side wins.

The Player Characters' Turn

Going around the table, each PC gets the chance to **move, perform one Action** of their choice and **use one of their Equipment** cards.

These are the **4 main combat actions**:

◆ Attack

Ask the PC to make a **Combat check** (Physical 🦊).

If the PC succeeds, the NPC suffers the weapon's damage.

Critical! The weapon damage is doubled.

Note

Weapons have an icon indicating whether they can be used at a distance 🏹, in melee combat 🗡, or both 🏹🗡.

It's up to you to judge whether a PC can use their weapon in the individual situation.

◆ Help

Ask the PC to make an **Empathy check** (Social 🗨).

If the PC succeeds, **another PC** of their choice adds a +1 Success bonus and may reroll a check when they next take an action.

Critical! Add a +2 Success bonus instead of +1.

◆ Take cover

Ask the PC to make a **Survival check** (Dexterity 🖐).

If the PC succeeds, the damage they suffer decreases by **1 for 1 turn**.

Critical! Any damage is reduced by 2.

◆ Find a weakness

Ask the PC to make a **Perception check** (Mental 🧠).

If the PC succeeds, reveal the NPC's weakness to the PCs.

Critical! The NPC's difficulty level decreases by 1.

The Gamemaster's Turn

When it's your turn, each of your NPCs can move and make their attacks.

To attack with an NPC, choose one PC target, and roll the same number of **D6** 🎲 as the NPC's attack value. Refer to the table on the bottom of the NPC's card to ascertain the result.

Example: Your NPCs confront two modified gorillas. Their profile says they will attack twice, so you roll 2 D6 🎲 for each of the gorillas.

Note

Your NPCs can undertake other actions that you think up; just describe them to the PCs.

The PCs can also play other actions, so use the Skills chart on your screen to determine the appropriate test.

FAQS

What happens if all the PCs become Exhausted?

Keep in mind that they will be able to return in the next scene. They will still be exhausted, but will be able to continue in the adventure. If you are uncomfortable with this type of situation, you could cheat and make the results fall in their favor.

If my NPC has more than one attack, can I attack the same PC more than once?

Yes. It's up to you how you play your NPCs. You could choose to overwhelm one PC with blows, or instead distribute your attacks equally.

Can I use the Fire Ring in addition to my action?

Yes. The sorcerer's Fire Ring counts as equipment. You could, for example, attempt the action Find a weakness, and then use your Fire Ring.

If a PC becomes Exhausted, can the Scroll of Protection be reused?

No. However, when the PC returns in the next scene, that PC can use the Scroll of Protection to discard their Exhausted Status card.

How do melee attacks and distance attacks work?

Above all, make sure they play out logically. A PC who is a Ranger will have trouble using their bow in a melee attack, and a Warrior will find it very difficult to attack an NPC with their sword from the top of a tower. To give you an idea of the distances involved, it is a melee attack if the PC is within 1-4 yards of an NPC. If the PC is 5 or more meters away from the NPC, it would be a distance attack.

WHAT NEXT?

You have now completed this campaign and defeated Syllas. Well done!

This does not spell the end of your adventures, however. As you may have suspected from the Epilogue, there are new assignments on the horizon for your heroes. New secrets and treasures await you in Season 2.

But in the meantime, why not create your own?

REUSING THE GAME MATERIALS

Critical is not simply an introductory game. The box contents provide you with a complete, evolving roleplaying game. Adapt it, make the contents your own and build upon your favorite elements of the game.

You could use the game as a basis for your own scenarios, and come up with your own adventures and investigations.

The *Critical* website offers you new adventures that are playable within this same world, making use of what you already have. You are also welcome to join the online *Critical* community.

OUR METHODOLOGY

Would you like to write your own scenarios?

Great! Just start writing the adventure that you would like to play. Here you will find some notes about the method we used for our own creative projects, which will provide you with some advice and suggestions to help you get started.

Finding Inspiration

From concept to image

If you have an idea for an original scenario or were inspired by the last movie or series that you watched, start by imagining the NPCs and the locations you will need, and find some images that bring them to life.

From image to concept

Do you have an image, setting or even just a general background mood that inspires you? Use this as a foundation and imagine what could take place there. Maybe you have a character in mind that you wish to include. Let your imagination wander and, as you start to define the adventure's aims and course, the story will begin to flow.

With both approaches, you just need to find a way to engage the characters in the story, and to involve them in an investigation that is precipitated by the actions of their opponents.

Timing

Each episode is designed to last around 30 minutes. This corresponds to 2 or 3 scenes that have a logical progression, with each one tied to a place and time (similar to the scenes in a movie).

Investigation or roleplaying scenes might take a bit longer

if the players are very invested in their characters, and action scenes may take longer if there is a higher level of adversity. With a little experience, and by using the scenarios in this game as a base, you will soon find the right balance.

Difficulty

The rules set out a difficulty scale for actions, but some situations might require a more complex system, due to the number of checks and obstacles (i.e. surroundings or opponents) involved. You can use the Season 1 scenarios as inspiration for this as well, until you get the right balance.

Make sure you keep the following points in mind:

Increase the tension by gradually ramping up the difficulty as the adventure progresses.

Good equipment can make up for a lack of Skill within the group, or can strengthen a character's capabilities.

By leaping into *Critical* you have opened the door to a wealth of possibilities, exciting adventures, and new worlds.

Your only limit is your own imagination.



Kristoff Valla & Yohan Lemonnier



Vincent Dutrait



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